

THE PRINCE ALBERT TIMES AND SKATCHEWAN REVIEW.

VOL. 4.—NO. 39

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK., FRIDAY, AUGUST 13, 1886.

\$2 50 A YEAR.

BANKING HOUSE

Macarthur & Knowles,

Prince Albert, N.W.T.

Transact a General Banking Business.
Interest allowed on Deposits.
Drafts Issued available at all points in the Dominion.
Collections undertaken and promptly attended to.
BANKERS—Merchant Bank of Canada

WILLIAM V. MACLEISE.

Barrister, Notary Public, Etc.

PRINCE ALBERT - N.W.T.

STEPHEN BREWSTER.

Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Judicature in England.

NOTARY PUBLIC

(Late McLean & Elliot.)

PRINCE ALBERT - SASK.

MORRIS & NEWLANDS.

Barristers, Notaries Public.

Prince Albert, Sask., N.W.T.

F. F. FORBES - H. W. NEWLANDS.

ARTHUR L. SEXTON, B.A.

Barrister, Attorney, Conveyancer and Notary Public.

Office.—First door west Stewart Bros Store

RIVER STREET, - PRINCE ALBERT.

W. R. GUNN, M.A.

Barrister, Notary Public, Conveyancer Etc. Etc.

Land bought and sold. Money invested

Local Agents for W. J. Fenton & Co., Real Estate Agents, Hamilton, Ont.

PRINCE ALBERT - SASK.

DR A. STACKHOUSE

DENTIST.

PRINCE ALBERT, N. W. T.

GEORGE A. BENTLEY,

Barber and Hair Dresser.

CHARGES - MODERATE.

Shop—First door east in Sinclair's Block

J. D. HANNAFIN,

Auctioneer and Commission Agent

OFFICE - - - FIRST STREET

FURNITURE!

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

For the next thirty days I will sell at 40 per cent. less than cost.

GILBERT E. CARTER.

WILLIAM KNOX,

CARPENTER, ETC.

OFFICE AND WORKSHOP.

Near Presbyterian Church.

A.W.R. MARKLEY,

Gen. Agent and Auctioneer.

AGENT:

Confederation Life Association, Toronto

Large Manufacturing Co., of N. York.

Issuer of Marriage and Millard's

Licenses.

Also—In Mr Brewster's Office

R. C. WIGMORE & CO.

GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Groceries,

Dry Goods,

Ready-made Clothing.

R. C. WIGMORE & CO.

THE OLD RELIABLE.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF THE GOOD OLD

WEIGHT CLOCKS,

NICKLE CLOCKS, WALTHAM, ELGIN

AND SWISS WATCHES.

Fine Interchangeable Spectacles. Call

and see them at the

POST OFFICE JEWELLERY STORE

Repairing done neatly and warranted.

R. B. WAY.

CITY BILLIARD HALL.

Carom and Pool Tables.

Choice Cigars, Beer, Cider and Wines.

Supplied at the Bar.

GEO. A. BENTLEY.

PRINCE ALBERT

Planing Mills and

Sash and Door Factory

COR. NEXSET AND MACRAE STS.

Sash, Doors, Frames, Blinds, Moulding and

Builders' Furnishings made on

the shortest notice

A. GOODFELLOW.

PRINCE ALBERT, N. W. T.

CALL AT

Miss Maguire's

And are the largest and best assorted

stock of

HATS & BONNETS

Ever shown in Prince Albert, all per

fectly new and latest styles

Dresses and Mantles made to order.

Miss Maguire,

CAMPBELL'S BLOCK.

WANTED

1,000 Men Wanted,

500 Women Wanted,

1,000 Misses Wanted,

500 Boys Wanted,

1,500 Children Wanted.

TO BEY

BOOTS AND SHOES

At SHANNON & McLEOD.

We have received the largest and most

complete stock of boots and shoes ever

brought into Prince Albert, and are deter-

mined to sell them at less than ever.

N.B.—Reductions made on large orders.

SHANNON & McLEOD

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK.

18th May 1886.

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK.

18th May 1886.

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK.

18th May 1886.

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK.

18th May 1886.

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK.

18th May 1886.

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK.

18th May 1886.

DEATH.

PORTFRET. On July 21st, at Isle a la Croix, English River District, the wife of Joseph Portfret, aged 72, died of a long illness, leaving a husband and two boys.

MARRIAGE.

HILTON. McLEAN. On Thursday, August 12th, at St. Mary's Church, Prince Albert, Saskatchewan, by the father of the bride, the Rev. John McLean, D.D., D.C.L., Lord Bishop of Saskatchewan, the Rev. John McLean, M.A., D.D., D.C.L., Lord Bishop of Saskatchewan, and the Rev. John McLean, M.A., D.D., D.C.L., Lord Bishop of Saskatchewan, were united in Holy Matrimony.

NOTICE.

Mr. E. Lane. Resigns leave to intimate to the citizens of Prince Albert that he is going to open a

Photograph Gallery.

on River Street, where he will be prepared to do

FIRST CLASS WORK

at moderate prices

See Samples—Look out for Handbills.

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby forbidden to cut hay on Section 25 and broken Section 36 in the 4th Township 23th Range west of second Indian Meridian.

J. LESTER REID,

By W. V. Macleise, his Attorney.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY WIRE

WINNIPEG, Aug. 13.—A Helena despatch of Aug. 11 says: A Fort Assiniboine special says: Little Poplar, chief of the Cree Indians who figured conspicuously in the Northwest rebellion, was shot and instantly killed last evening about one mile east of this post by a half-breed named Ward. The killing is supposed to have been done in self-defence, as Little Poplar took the lead in firing with a six shooter of the same pattern as was used by the mounted police, when Ward opened fire a Winchester rifle, firing three shots, each of which took effect, one through the head and two through the breast. The old warrior stood by his pony till the third shot was fired when he fell to the ground a "good Indian."

Hanley yesterday rowed three miles with turn in 19 minutes and 22 seconds, beating all his former records.

Prof. Tanager is about to again visit the Northwest.

The last rail on the Vancouver Island railway was laid on Tuesday. Sir John drove the last spike before leaving the Island on Friday. He is going to Nanaimo, thence to Westminster, and will arrive in Winnipeg next week.

Two caulkers of powder were thrown into the Orange procession in London yesterday. Although the powder was not used by the mob: A collision also occurred in Belfast.

The Canadian artillery men won both the Londonderry challenge cup and Marquis of Lansdowne's prize in the contest at Shrewsbury.

INDIAN HEAD, August 13.—This morning Rigby, a farmer living seven miles northwest from here was called to his door and confronted by two men with drawn revolvers and masked. On entering one of the robbers guarded the family while the other searched the house and took a watch and a quantity of money. They then made Mr. Rigby get down on his knees and swear that he had no more money, and then left telling him not to leave the house at the peril of his life.

Churchill is said to be preparing a scheme for Imperial federation on lines generally similar to the Canadian scheme.

Rev. R. Hilton, of St. Mary's Church, was married on Thursday morning last, at St. Mary's church, to Catharine Jean McLean, eldest daughter of His Lordship the Bishop of Saskatchewan. A large number of guests had been invited and a very pleasant time was spent after the ceremony. The happy couple left for St. Mary's the same evening taking with them the best wishes of their many friends and acquaintances.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY WIRE

WINNIPEG, Aug. 13.—A Helena despatch of Aug. 11 says: A Fort Assiniboine special says: Little Poplar, chief of the Cree Indians who figured conspicuously in the Northwest rebellion, was shot and instantly killed last evening about one mile east of this post by a half-breed named Ward. The killing is supposed to have been done in self-defence, as Little Poplar took the lead in firing with a six shooter of the same pattern as was used by the mounted police, when Ward opened fire a Winchester rifle, firing three shots, each of which took effect, one through the head and two through the breast. The old warrior stood by his pony till the third shot was fired when he fell to the ground a "good Indian."

Hanley yesterday rowed three miles with turn in 19 minutes and 22 seconds, beating all his former records.

Prof. Tanager is about to again visit the Northwest.

The last rail on the Vancouver Island railway was laid on Tuesday. Sir John drove the last spike before leaving the Island on Friday. He is going to Nanaimo, thence to Westminster, and will arrive in Winnipeg next week.

Two caulkers of powder were thrown into the Orange procession in London yesterday. Although the powder was not used by the mob: A collision also occurred in Belfast.

The Canadian artillery men won both the Londonderry challenge cup and Marquis of Lansdowne's prize in the contest at Shrewsbury.

INDIAN HEAD, August 13.—This morning Rigby, a farmer living seven miles northwest from here was called to his door and confronted by two men with drawn revolvers and masked. On entering one of the robbers guarded the family while the other searched the house and took a watch and a quantity of money. They then made Mr. Rigby get down on his knees and swear that he had no more money, and then left telling him not to leave the house at the peril of his life.

Churchill is said to be preparing a scheme for Imperial federation on lines generally similar to the Canadian scheme.

Rev. R. Hilton, of St. Mary's Church, was married on Thursday morning last, at St. Mary's church, to Catharine Jean McLean, eldest daughter of His Lordship the Bishop of Saskatchewan. A large number of guests had been invited and a very pleasant time was spent after the ceremony. The happy couple left for St. Mary's the same evening taking with them the best wishes of their many friends and acquaintances.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY WIRE

WINNIPEG, Aug. 13.—A Helena despatch of Aug. 11 says: A Fort Assiniboine special says: Little Poplar, chief of the Cree Indians who figured conspicuously in the Northwest rebellion, was shot and instantly killed last evening about one mile east of this post by a half-breed named Ward. The killing is supposed to have been done in self-defence, as Little Poplar took the lead in firing with a six shooter of the same pattern as was used by the mounted police, when Ward opened fire a Winchester rifle, firing three shots, each of which took effect, one through the head and two through the breast. The old warrior stood by his pony till the third shot was fired when he fell to the ground a "good Indian."

Hanley yesterday rowed three miles with turn in 19 minutes and 22 seconds, beating all his former records.

Prof. Tanager is about to again visit the Northwest.

The last rail on the Vancouver Island railway was laid on Tuesday. Sir John drove the last spike before leaving the Island on Friday. He is going to Nanaimo, thence to Westminster, and will arrive in Winnipeg next week.

Two caulkers of powder were thrown into the Orange procession in London yesterday. Although the powder was not used by the mob: A collision also occurred in Belfast.

The Canadian artillery men won both the Londonderry challenge cup and Marquis of Lansdowne's prize in the contest at Shrewsbury.

INDIAN HEAD, August 13.—This morning Rigby, a farmer living seven miles northwest from here was called to his door and confronted by two men with drawn revolvers and masked. On entering one of the robbers guarded the family while the other searched the house and took a watch and a quantity of money. They then made Mr. Rigby get down on his knees and swear that he had no more money, and then left telling him not to leave the house at the peril of his life.

Churchill is said to be preparing a scheme for Imperial federation on lines generally similar to the Canadian scheme.

Rev. R. Hilton, of St. Mary's Church, was married on Thursday morning last, at St. Mary's church, to Catharine Jean McLean, eldest daughter of His Lordship the Bishop of Saskatchewan. A large number of guests had been invited and a very pleasant time was spent after the ceremony. The happy couple left for St. Mary's the same evening taking with them the best wishes of their many friends and acquaintances.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY WIRE

WINNIPEG, Aug. 13.—A Helena despatch of Aug. 11 says: A Fort Assiniboine special says: Little Poplar, chief of the Cree Indians who figured conspicuously in the Northwest rebellion, was shot and instantly killed last evening about one mile east of this post by a half-breed named Ward. The killing is supposed to have been done in self-defence, as Little Poplar took the lead in firing with a six shooter of the same pattern as was used by the mounted police, when Ward opened fire a Winchester rifle, firing three shots, each of which took effect, one through the head and two through the breast. The old warrior stood by his pony till the third shot was fired when he fell to the ground a "good Indian."

Hanley yesterday rowed three miles with turn in 19 minutes and 22 seconds, beating all his former records.

Prof. Tanager is about to again visit the Northwest.

The last rail on the Vancouver Island railway was laid on Tuesday. Sir John drove the last spike before leaving the Island on Friday. He is going to Nanaimo, thence to Westminster, and will arrive in Winnipeg next week.

Two caulkers of powder were thrown into the Orange procession in London yesterday. Although the powder was not used by the mob: A collision also occurred in Belfast.

The Canadian artillery men won both the Londonderry challenge cup and Marquis of Lansdowne's prize in the contest at Shrewsbury.

INDIAN HEAD, August 13.—This morning Rigby, a farmer living seven miles northwest from here was called to his door and confronted by two men with drawn revolvers and masked. On entering one of the robbers guarded the family while the other searched the house and took a watch and a quantity of money. They then made Mr. Rigby get down on his knees and swear that he had no more money, and then left telling him not to leave the house at the peril of his life.

Churchill is said to be preparing a scheme for Imperial federation on lines generally similar to the Canadian scheme.

Rev. R. Hilton, of St. Mary's Church, was married on Thursday morning last, at St. Mary's church, to Catharine Jean McLean, eldest daughter of His Lordship the Bishop of Saskatchewan. A large number of guests had been invited and a very pleasant time was spent after the ceremony. The happy couple left for St. Mary's the same evening taking with them the best wishes of their many friends and acquaintances.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY WIRE

WINNIPEG, Aug. 13.—A Helena despatch of Aug. 11 says: A Fort Assiniboine special says: Little Poplar, chief of the Cree Indians who figured conspicuously in the Northwest rebellion, was shot and instantly killed last evening about one mile east of this post by a half-breed named Ward. The killing is supposed to have been done in self-defence, as Little Poplar took the lead in firing with a six shooter of the same pattern as was used by the mounted police, when Ward opened fire a Winchester rifle, firing three shots, each of which took effect, one through the head and two through the breast. The old warrior stood by his pony till the third shot was fired when he fell to the ground a "good Indian."

Hanley yesterday rowed three miles with turn in 19 minutes and 22 seconds, beating all his former records.

Prof. Tanager is about to again visit the Northwest.

The last rail on the Vancouver Island railway was laid on Tuesday. Sir John drove the last spike before leaving the Island on Friday. He is going to Nanaimo, thence to Westminster, and will arrive in Winnipeg next week.

Two caulkers of powder were thrown into the Orange procession in London yesterday. Although the powder was not used by the mob: A collision also occurred in Belfast.

The Canadian artillery men won both the Londonderry challenge cup and Marquis of Lansdowne's prize in the contest at Shrewsbury.

INDIAN HEAD, August 13.—This morning Rigby, a farmer living seven miles northwest from here was called to his door and confronted by two men with drawn revolvers and masked. On entering one of the robbers guarded the family while the other searched the house and took a watch and a quantity of money. They then made Mr. Rigby get down on his knees and swear that he had no more money, and then left telling him not to leave the house at the peril of his life.

Churchill is said to be preparing a scheme for Imperial federation on lines generally similar to the Canadian scheme.

Rev. R. Hilton, of St. Mary's Church, was married on Thursday morning last, at St. Mary's church, to Catharine Jean McLean, eldest daughter of His Lordship the Bishop of Saskatchewan. A large number of guests had been invited and a very pleasant time was spent after the ceremony. The happy couple left for St. Mary's the same evening taking with them the best wishes of their many friends and acquaintances.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY WIRE

WINNIPEG, Aug. 13.—A Helena despatch of Aug. 11 says: A Fort Assiniboine special says: Little Poplar, chief of the Cree Indians who figured conspicuously in the Northwest rebellion, was shot and instantly killed last evening about one mile east of this post by a half-breed named Ward. The killing is supposed to have been done in self-defence, as Little Poplar took the lead in firing with a six shooter of the same pattern as was used by the mounted police, when Ward opened fire a Winchester rifle, firing three shots, each of which took effect, one through the head and two through the breast. The old warrior stood by his pony till the third shot was fired when he fell to the ground a "good Indian."

Hanley yesterday rowed three miles with turn in 19 minutes and 22 seconds, beating all his former records.

Prof. Tanager is about to again visit the Northwest.

The last rail on the Vancouver Island railway was laid on Tuesday. Sir John drove the last spike before leaving the Island on Friday. He is going to Nanaimo, thence to Westminster, and will arrive in Winnipeg next week.

Two caulkers of powder were thrown into the Orange procession in London yesterday. Although the powder was not used by the mob: A collision also occurred in Belfast.

The Canadian artillery men won both the Londonderry challenge cup and Marquis of Lansdowne's prize in the contest at Shrewsbury.

INDIAN HEAD, August 13.—This morning Rigby, a farmer living seven miles northwest from here was called to his door and confronted by two men with drawn revolvers and masked. On entering one of the robbers guarded the family while the other searched the house and took a watch and a quantity of money. They then made Mr. Rigby get down on his knees and swear that he had no more money, and then left telling him not to leave the house at the peril of his life.

Churchill is said to be preparing a scheme for Imperial federation on lines generally similar to the Canadian scheme.

Rev. R. Hilton, of St. Mary's Church, was married on Thursday morning last, at St. Mary's church, to Catharine Jean McLean, eldest daughter of His Lordship the Bishop of Saskatchewan. A large number of guests had been invited and a very pleasant time was spent after the ceremony. The happy couple left for St. Mary's the same evening taking with them the best wishes of their many friends and acquaintances.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY WIRE

WINNIPEG, Aug. 13.—A Helena despatch of Aug. 11 says: A Fort Assiniboine special says: Little Poplar, chief of the Cree Indians who figured conspicuously in the Northwest rebellion, was shot and instantly killed last evening about one mile east of this post by a half-breed named Ward. The killing is supposed to have been done in self-defence, as Little Poplar took the lead in firing with a six shooter of the same pattern as was used by the mounted police, when Ward opened fire a Winchester rifle, firing three shots, each of which took effect, one through the head and two through the breast. The old warrior stood by his pony till the third shot was fired when he fell to the ground a "good Indian."

COMMUNICATIONS.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

To the Editor of The Times.

SIR. Would you kindly permit me through the columns of your paper to ask the Department of Public Works, if the Telegraph Office established in the French district nearly a year ago, was placed there with the intention of being of some utility to the general public, or merely as a convenience for the Mission of St. Laurent? If intended, (as it is only charitable to suppose) as a public benefit, why was it not located in a place which bore at least some evidence of having been selected with that aim in view? It would appear from its present location, as if the very reverse had been studied, and with a remarkable degree of success. Why the office in question was not located in the village of Batcheo (which is a place of some little importance and the centre of the whole French district, situated as it is, on the oldest and best established trail in the country) must remain a mystery to all, excepting those in whose brain the brilliant idea of hiding a Government office originated. Now that it is understood that a detachment of Mounted Police are to be stationed at Batcheo, it is to be hoped the authorities at Ottawa will see the necessity of transferring the office to that point, besides conferring a real benefit on the public in general.

Yours, etc.

SETTLER.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY

HARDWARE.

AMMUNITION!

SHOT,

ALL SIZES OF

SHELLS and

WADS.

Dupont's Celebrated Ducking Powder.

Loaded Shells always on hand.

J. L. JOHNSON & CO.

1879.

1886

Buffalo Hall!

RECEIVED PER STEAMER MARQ IS

Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Provisions

Every Department fully assorted—Special Bargains in

Dress Goods, Embroideries, Prints, Sheetings and Plain Cottons.

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Fresh Hams,

Spiced Roll Bacon, Maple Sugar and Maple Syrup

The Largest Stock of Clothing in town.

BETTS & GWYNNE.

FURNITURE!

Cheaper than Ever.

I am now prepared to sell Furniture cheaper than ever before offered in Prince Albert. My stock consists of all

The Latest Designs!

which I am selling at reasonable rates to make room for a large stock coming up by boat.

Call and inspect my stock and get prices.

Saleroom, First Door West of Bank

W. B. GOODFELLOW.

WM. STOBART & CO.

General Merchants

AND

Indian Traders.

WM. STOBART & CO.

Meeting of the Synod.

The Synod of the Diocese of Saskatchewan met here on Wednesday the 4th inst. The proceedings began by full Service and Holy Communion in St. Mary's church, which, as we remarked last week, has undergone changes and repairs that have rendered it a very suitable building for such a meeting. An excellent sermon was preached by the Rev. E. Matheson, now appointed to Lethbridge, after which the Holy Communion was administered by his Lordship the Bishop assisted by several of the clergy. At the close of the service the whole of the clergy and lay delegates were entertained at luncheon at Bishop's Court by His Lordship and Mrs. McLean. At 2:30 p.m., the Synod met for business in St. Mary's church. The proceedings were opened by the following address from the Bishop:

My REVEREND BROTHERS AND BRETHREN OF THE LAITY,

We were prevented meeting in Synod last year by the disorder into which the country had been thrown by the rebellion. We cannot be too thankful that in the good Providence of God we are now able to meet in the midst of public peace and returning prosperity.

The number of clergy in the Diocese is twenty-two. Of these eleven are present in Synod to-day—being exactly half the entire number. This is a large proportion when we remember the difficulties of travel. The Diocese stretches from Lake Winnipeg on the east to the Rocky Mountains on the west, a distance of over a thousand miles. The Saskatchewan district, forming the largest section of the Diocese, has as yet no railway communication within its bounds. Prince Albert, where we are now assembled, is still two hundred and sixty miles from the nearest railway station. There is one feature in this assembly that is specially gratifying. The clergy present are thoroughly representative of all parts of the Diocese. The western or Alberta division is represented by three—the same number represents the Lake Winnipeg or Cumberland district—while five are from the central portion of the Diocese.

We have eighteen lay delegates present. I am glad to see among them three Indian chiefs, "Star Blanket," "John Smith" and "James Smith," who, with the whole of their bands, proved so thoroughly loyal during the late rebellion.

EPISCOPAL VISITATIONS.

Since we last met I have been able to visit and hold confirmation in every mission in the Diocese but one, which will be shortly visited. In the great majority of cases I have made at least two visits to each mission. The expense of these visitations is very great, as they have in most cases to be performed by conveyances specially provided for the occasion. The Episcopal Income could not bear such a burden, but I am thankful to say that friends in England, by their kind and courteous contributions, made expressly for the purpose, have enabled me to meet the entire expense. I thank them most heartily for this great kindness.

THE CLERGY.

We have twenty-two clergy in the Diocese supported as follows:

- 1 by the Church Missionary Society as Missionaries to the Indians;
- 11 by the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, six being for settlers and one for Indians;
- 1 by the Colonial and Continental Church Society for settlers;
- 1 by the Canadian Church—for Indians, half his salary being from the Mission Board, and half being supplied by the Cathedral Church of Toronto;
- 1 by private contributions from England, for the Indians;
- 1 by Government at Battledore Training School.

Besides these twenty-two clergy, we have seven catechists in charge of mission stations—three supported by the S. P. G., and four by the C. M. S., making in all 29 missionaries.

LOCAL SELF-SUPPORT.

Efforts towards local self support have been begun in the Diocese. At the following missions a portion of the clergy man's income is paid by the people, namely: Fort McLeod, Calgary, Battledore, and Prince Albert.

CLERGY ENDOWMENT FUND.

I would ask the Synod to change the name of the Church Endowment Fund under the following circumstances: Some time ago I received a legacy of four

thousand dollars from the executors of the late James Kyffin, Esq., of Haldimand, York County, Ontario, Canada. I paid over the money to Messrs. Blake, Leach, Cassels and Holman, the lay agents of the Synod, with instructions to invest in the name of the Incorporated Synod of the Diocese of Saskatchewan, the interest to be used for the payment of mission salaries only, as the Synod might from time to time direct. The Bishop of Rupert's Land has also written to me offering to pay over the sum of \$50,000 held by him in trust for the Devon Mission in my Diocese, for the Native Pastorate Fund, and stating that a further sum of \$500 held on mortgage by him for Stanley Mission would soon be available for investment if I agreed to take it over. We arranged that the money should be sent to Messrs. Blake for investment in the Clergy Endowment Fund of the Diocese of Saskatchewan with this provision: That such portion of the interest of the Fund as would represent a proportional amount of the capital should be paid to the Church Missionary Society towards the salary of their native pastors at Devon and Stanley.

Yesterday (Aug. 3rd) I held a special Conference of Missionaries of the Church Missionary Society from all the different sections of the Diocese—western, central eastern—when they unanimously agreed to the foregoing arrangement, and they further, without a dissentient voice, recommended that all the Indian Missions of the Society should be invited to contribute to the Clergy Endowment Fund under a provision similar to that already mentioned, namely, that the proportion divided arising from the capital sum contributed by these missions should be handed over to the Church Missionary Society towards paying the salaries of their native missionaries in the Diocese. The Parent Committee of the Church Missionary Society have frequently urged that the natives be encouraged to adopt the principle of self help in the matter of mission salaries, as in many cases they have already done in that of supporting the current expenses of church services, and I see no better way of practically and systematically meeting the views of the Committee than the one proposed.

If then the Synod will add the monies already collected in the Diocese for the Church Endowment Fund to the Clergy Endowment Fund, we shall reap some solid advantages. In the first place the money collected for the Church Endowment Fund was intended to be invested in land—the proceeds at some future day to be applied exclusively towards mission salaries. The Clergy Endowment Fund not only better expresses the object of the Fund, but it allows investment in first-class mortgages in real estate so as to produce an immediate income.

But there is another important reason for the change which remains yet to be told. On receiving the Kyffin bequest I wrote to the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge stating the facts, and asking for a grant in aid. With their usual readiness to help any object that they believe will conduce to the permanent stability of the church they voted a grant of five hundred pounds sterling towards the Fund with the proviso, that it should be a Clergy Endowment Fund in the strictest sense of the word—that is, the interest only should be applied and that exclusively for clergy salaries. They also clearly showed their preference for the term "Clergy" instead of "Church." They further stated that their grant of \$500 should be paid in two instalments of \$250 each, to meet £1,000 sterling from other sources in the case of each instalment. Now we shall have more than £1,000 sterling invested without any delay if the Synod will add the money now banked in the name of the Church Endowment Fund to the Kyffin bequest and the Native Pastorate Fund—all being for the future one Fund, known as the Clergy Endowment Fund, with the proviso for administering the dividends already stated.

SYNOD OFFERTORIES.

I would suggest a change in the Canon relative to the dates when the Synod offertories are made. At present these dates include Easter Day and Christmas Day. None of the clergy and people object to this, and as I feel how important it is to remove any obstacle in the way of hearty co-operation on a matter of such vital importance, I would suggest that the offertories should be made on the following days, namely, Clergy Widows and Orphans Fund on the first Sunday in March, Clergy Endowment

Fund, first Sunday in June; General Purpose Fund of the Synod, first Sunday in September; Clergy Endowment Fund, Advent Sunday.

I would urge on the clergy and laity the duty of making earnest efforts in behalf of the Synod offertories, but especially for the Clergy Endowment Fund. The stability and progress of the church in this Diocese must largely depend on this Fund being steadily increased. The support so liberally given by the English Societies to our clergy cannot be permanent. The day will come when the laity and never-seen sections of the mission field will have claims on us, and we must look, at least in a great measure to our own resources. When that day comes let us see to it that we be not found helpless. I would urge the clergy not to content themselves with merely giving formal notice in church that the offertory is to be for any of the Synod Funds, but in their sermons to urge on the people the Christian duty of liberality—to speak of all that the English Societies have done for us—and to point out how necessary it is that we should do all in our power, gradually to lighten their burden and finally to remove it altogether, that they may the sooner be able to extend their mission efforts in "the regions beyond."

I would further suggest to the clergy to do what they can to encourage subscriptions from individuals in their missions towards the Synod Funds, but especially the Clergy Endowment Fund.

I am sure you will feel with me that our hearty thanks are specially due to the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge for so timely a grant in aid of our Clergy Endowment Fund. It adds one more to the many existing instances of its hearty and generous support of the work of this Diocese, in so many different directions.

THE CHURCH IN CANADA.

The Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the Church of England in Canada sent me—

On Aug. 26th 1884, \$1172.80

" Feb. 18th 1885, \$204.80

" " " " \$1377.40

I forwarded an account of the expenditure of this sum to the Secretary of the Board, a copy of which will be published with the Synod accounts.

On Sept. 25th, 1885, the Board sent me the further sum of \$431.00 from which I am paying \$100 per quarter towards the salary of the Rev. H. T. Bourne of the Pagan Indian Mission near Fort McLeod. The balance of his salary, \$100 per quarter, is paid by the congregation of St. James Cathedral, Toronto, through their Rector, the Rev. Canon Dunsell, who has always been a most valuable helper to the work of this Diocese. We have thus one clergyman entirely supported by the Canadian church.

At the meeting of the Mission Board at Kingston in the autumn of last year, I urged it to take upon itself the entire support of some missions to the heathen Indians of the Diocese. I pointed out that nearly all that was done for the support of missions among them by the Church of England was the work of the Church Missionary Society of England. Our Northwest Territories owe a deep debt of gratitude to that Society for its noble and generous efforts in behalf of the Indians, and I sincerely hope that before long these efforts will be effectually seconded by those on whom the Dominion Indians have a more direct claim, namely, the church people of the Dominion itself.

CHURCH BUILDING.

The more recent additions to the churches of the Diocese are those of Fort McLeod, Pincher Creek, Calgary, Battledore, and the town of Prince Albert. The Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge has, with its usual liberality, been helpful to them all.

The church at Fort McLeod was unhappily destroyed by fire over two months ago, but by the energy of the Missionary, the Rev. B. Hilton, and his people, a considerable part of the sum required to rebuild it has been already secured within the mission, while I have sent out a special appeal through my commissary. The sum of \$500 has long been placed in my hands by friends in Canada at different times, to be expended at my discretion in mission work. I have assigned \$100 of it towards the rebuilding of this church. The remainder of the sum has been disposed of by my giving \$300 towards the repairs of St. Mary's Church, in which we are now assembled, and by my promising \$50 to that of Lethbridge, and \$156 to that of Battledore, making a total of \$606 and

leaving a balance of \$3.95. The Lethbridge church has two generous contributors, one from Baroness Harlette Counts of \$240 and one from Sir Alex. Galt of \$245. I hope also to receive \$150 from the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge for it, making in all \$290 from Church Funds.

In the town of Prince Albert a new church is in process of erection. It is an extension of the Mission Chapel, the whole cost of which, including two lots of land, amounting to about \$2,300, I defrayed by funds raised by me in England. I did this as the "Mission Chapel" has been, in fact, the Bishop's chapel, where I have addressed the congregation almost every Sunday evening when at home. The clergyman in charge carries on all the services when I am absent from home. The people have contributed a sufficient sum to double the seating accommodation on the understanding that I may use the church as a pro-cathedral, retaining the direction of the services, while the pastor acts as curate.

INVESTMENT OF FUNDS.

I would ask the Synod to give power to the executive committee to receive from me and invest in the name of the Synod, such sums as I may from time to time obtain for either religious or educational purposes, a deed of trust to be formed defining the nature and objects of the investment and the application of the dividends. I can, in my corporate capacity, hold property for religious or educational purposes within the Northwest territories, but it is doubtful whether I can do so beyond the territories, as my incorporation was by the Northwest Council. The Synod being incorporated by the Dominion Parliament, can hold property in trust in any part of the Dominion.

EMMANUEL COLLEGE.

I am making arrangement for carrying on the work of Indian training at Emmanuel College on a much larger scale than has hitherto been attempted. Up to this time the Indian students have been in training only for mission work, and their number has therefore been necessarily very limited. It is now proposed to train as large a number of Indians as possible, not only in the composition of their own language, and in the ordinary English branches, but in the elements of chemistry, especially in its application to farming or agriculture. The college possesses a very good chemical laboratory which I brought over from England and Germany, and during the past term lectures on chemistry and its application to agriculture have been delivered daily with experiments. The pupils are taught how plants grow—what substances in the soil and atmosphere form their food—how different kinds of crops withdraw from the soil different constituents, or different proportions of the same constituent—how, therefore, the soil becomes impoverished and in need of replenishment from manure; how, especially, ordinary farm manure ought to be treated, so as best to preserve its ammonia in full fertilizing vigor, and, generally, whatever relates to an intelligent cultivation of the soil. The college possesses two hundred acres of the best farming land. A part of it is being prepared for farming and gardening, that the pupils may have practical outdoor training in addition to that of the classroom. Indians will be trained in this way, with the view, in some cases, of their becoming intelligent farmers, and in others acting as schoolmasters to Indian children on the reserves. I had the gratification a few weeks ago, of appointing, at the request of the Indian department, one of our Indian students to be teacher of a government Indian school. He has had training in English branches for three college terms, and a few months training in agricultural chemistry.

Some time ago I received a most encouraging letter from the Marquis of Lansdowne, Governor General of Canada, in which His Excellency warmly approves of training Indian students in the way I am attempting, and expresses his wish to be helpful in carrying out the plan by giving prizes to the most deserving students. His Excellency has also given a silver medal for competition among the general pupils of Emmanuel College; and as a gift to the college itself, one of the prize medals struck in commemoration of the confederation of the Canadian provinces. I have felt much encouraged by these marks of His Excellency's kind interest in our educational work.

Another encouraging fact is that I have received through the Hon. L. Clarke of Prince Albert, the sum of seven hun-

dred dollars for investment as a scholarship to be applied to the higher education of an Indian student at Emmanuel College. The money is contributed as a testimonial to the memory of the late Wm. McKay, Esq., factor of the Hon. Hudson Bay Co. at Fort Pitt, by officers of that Company and two of the sons of the deceased gentleman. It is in the hands of the agents of the Synod for investment in behalf of the Emmanuel College for the purpose stated—the scholarship to be known as the "William McKay Scholarship."

COLLEGE ARRANGEMENTS.

The College affords to all Indian and Divinity students rooms and education free of charge—there are no fees of any kind for such students. Their food and clothing have to be supplied from other sources. The college buildings are complete, highly suitable for the work, and entirely free from debt. The cost of tuition is met partly from the small endowment, partly by contributions made by friends in England and Canada. The current expenses, including insurance and repairs, and the large number of small items of expense that such an institution entails, are met entirely by the contributions of friends. During the present holidays repairs have been carried on on rather a large scale, including the formation of a new lecture hall for chemistry.

The college has trained and sent forth to the mission field a number of Indian students, who are doing a good work, chiefly in the missions of the Church Missionary Society. One was ordained Deacon only three months ago. Three others have been ordained since the college opened—one of them, I regret to say, has been removed by death. The Church Missionary Society has supported the greater number of our Indian students but help has also been given by the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel and the Colonial and Continental Church Society. The Society for Propagating Christian Knowledge has already given grants of ten pounds each per annum to two students, and will, I believe, give more help in this way. I would remind you that the support here refers to food and clothing—the college supplies rooms, training and education free of charge.

The college is also becoming the mainstay of the diocese for the supply of clergy for the settlements. Already four out of the six most important towns in the diocese have as their clergymen men who received their training at the institution, and who are all working to my entire satisfaction, while several less prominent posts are most worthily filled by its former students.

MANAGEMENT OF THE COLLEGE.

The work of the college to all its departments is under my own management and supervision. I am sole trustee of the property in my corporate capacity, and Warden or Principal of the College. I take an active part in its tuition while at home, which is, as a rule, during the whole of the winter and spring months. I find the summer and autumn amply sufficient for the visitation of the diocese, large as it is. During last term I shared in the teaching of theological subjects, and took entire charge of teaching the elements of moral philosophy, logic, and chemistry applied to agriculture. The collegiate staff consists, at present, of myself as Warden, two professors and a tutor. One professor, Ven. Archdeacon G. McKay, B.D., can speak and teach all the four Indian languages of this diocese. He takes subjects in classics and mathematics and the Indian training. Canon Flett, B.D., has a special department in classics and English literature, but he can both speak and teach in Cree.

The college is thus exceptionally well qualified to carry on effectively the training of Indian students in addition to its other work.

I take this opportunity of thanking those kind friends both in England and Canada who have enabled me to provide for carrying on the work of the college without incurring debt, and I would especially thank my two valued commissioners, the Rev. Canon Hawksley, M.A., of London, England, and Rev. Canon Richardson, M.A., of London, Ontario, for their kind aid. The former has retired from parochial charge, but the latter is pastor of one of the largest congregations in Ontario, and the ladies of his congregation show their sympathy with the work by contributing to the Indian department of the college \$200 per annum.

THE CREES AND BLACKFEET.

The work of the College has up to this time, with only two exceptions, been

among the Cree Indians. I am anxious to try the experiment of opening a branch of the Institution at Calgary in the Alberta section of the Diocese, for the purpose of training young men of the Blackfoot tribe. I hope to visit Calgary in the course of a few weeks, when I may possibly be able to see my way to give effect to the plan. The great distance of the College from the Blackfeet reserves, a distance of about 800 miles by the only possible route at present, there being as yet no railway in the Saskatchewan District, renders it very difficult, if not practically impossible to obtain Blackfeet students, owing not only to the expense of travelling, but to the strong aversion felt by Indians to live for any length of time at a distance from home and friends. A training school at Calgary as a Branch of the College would, I trust, remove this difficulty.

CLERICAL EDUCATION.

For the purpose of encouraging the clergy throughout the Diocese to persevere in systematic study, the College is prepared to hold examinations on Theological subjects including assigned portions of the Holy Bible, the Septuagint, the Greek and Latin Fathers and the elements of Logic and Moral and Mental Philosophy. Successful candidates will have the style and title of "Licentiate in Theology of Emmanuel College," and will be entitled to wear a distinctive hood. The examination will be both for an ordinary "Pass" and for Honors. At the first examination the best Honor candidate will receive a special prize from the Hon. S. H. Blake, Q.C., of Toronto, while for the second examination the best Honor man will be rewarded by a prize to be given by Col. Gzowski, Aide-de-Camp to Her Majesty the Queen—also of Toronto. These two gentlemen have ever been generous helpers of the work of this Diocese, and I thank them heartily for this fresh proof of their kind interest in it.

I earnestly advise the clergy to try to qualify themselves to obtain the position of "Licentiate." They have also an opportunity of reading for the Degree of Bachelor of Divinity in the University of Saskatchewan, the statute for which has been sanctioned by His Excellency the Governor General in Council. The course of study for the B.D. is more extensive than that for the College Licence—the one is intended to form an introduction to the other. Full information on all points relating to the College Licence or B.D. degree will be given on application either to me or to any of the College staff.

I earnestly hope that the clergy will try to follow the advice now given. I think it right to state that I am so strongly impressed with the importance of encouraging steady and systematic study in those branches that tend to equip a clergyman for thoroughly discharging the duties of his office, and convinced that those who are content with just study enough to pass the examination for Holy Orders, cannot really fulfil their functions thoroughly, that while God spares me as Bishop I shall make this consideration a very influential one in determining questions of promotion, so far as these questions lie within my influence.

And now, brethren, I commend you to the grace of God that He may by His Holy Spirit give you a right judgment in all things. May our meeting here in Synod be so blessed by Him that the work of Christ's church may be promoted throughout the whole Diocese.

Both this address and the proceedings of the Synod will soon be published in Pamphlet form including also the sermon. Meanwhile we may state that the whole of the recommendations made by His Lordship in his address were adopted by the Synod in a series of resolutions duly moved, seconded and commented on, the Bishop giving full explanations when required, and requesting members of the Synod to propose to him any questions they might see fit. There was a long debate upon a case of discipline which showed, from the unanimity of the vote, that the Synod is determined to see to the carrying out of its Constitution and Canons. The case related to the rule about making offerings for the Synod Funds.

At the close His Lordship stated that this was the largest Synod he had as yet had the pleasure of presiding over in his Diocese, and that he was much gratified at the courteous spirit and unanimity that had pervaded the meeting from first to last.

THE PRINCE ALBERT TIMES AND SAASKTCHewan REVIEW. \$250 PER ANNUM

The Times is the best medium in the Territory to advertise your business in.

Subscribe for The Times and get the latest news and happenings around town.

JOB PRINTING Of all descriptions done neatly, quickly and cheaply

J. D. MAVEETY, PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR
THIRD ST., PRINCE ALBERT, SASK

'79. '86.
T. J. AGNEW.

THE LION REAPER!

ON TERMS—AT

\$50 \$75 \$100

T. J. AGNEW.
FOR
GENTLEMEN'S

FURNISHINGS!
IN ALL BRANCHES
FOR

White Cotton,
Factory Cotton,
Flannels,
Sheetings,
Towelings,
Dress Goods,
Silks,
Linen, etc.,

GO TO
J. M. CAMPBELL'S,
GROCER

AND
DRY GOODS MERCHANT,
PRINCE ALBERT, SASK

TELEGRAPHIC.

(By Special Telegraph.)

W. O'Brien, Aug. 6. The Manitoba & Northern Road Co. are building from Minneapolis to Rapid City, and also further west this year, covering the same ground as the proposed North West Central.

The Canadians won the Montreal challenge cup for artillery practice at Sheshburns yesterday.

A meeting of Liberal Unionists was held yesterday. C. G. L. and H. H. H. were both present, and acted cordially. It was resolved to seek a reunion of the Liberal party, while opposing any home rule proposals calculated to disintegrate the Empire. It was decided the Unionists should sit with the other Liberals, and it was also decided to oppose Matthews, a member of the Government seeking reelection in Birmingham. The principal opposition to Matthews is that he is a Roman Catholic and a disciple of Churchill.

Mr. Hastings, Assistant General Superintendent of the Chicago and Milwaukee road, has declined to accept Mr. Egan's position as superintendent of the west-end division of the C. P. R.

The second ship with a cargo of tea has arrived at Port Moody.

The Calendar extension is to be opened for traffic at once.

The Department of Marine has heard from Lt. Gordon, with the Hudson's Bay expedition. His letter is dated June 28th. After leaving, a demerol was experienced all the way to St. Paul's Island. The Alert was not stopped, but kept steaming at between two and three knots. Everything is going well. He expects to return early in October.

Hon. A. C. Cameron has arrived at Ottawa, and had an interview with Mr. Foster, Minister of Marine, respecting fishery regulations for Manitoba and the Northwest. Mr. Foster promised to visit Winnipeg shortly to look into the matter, and will be accompanied by Mr. Cowell.

The Anglican Synod met yesterday. Bishop Mackay intimated that he required leave for a year's absence. He goes to England on the 13th, to work up finances.

Hon. Thos. White addressed the Anglican Missionary meeting last night. He leaves for the east to-night.

The Winnipeg Temperance election union placed J. W. H. Wilson in the field for north Winnipeg.

Tilley, the noted Democratic Statesman, died last Wednesday. Arrangements are being made to interment in funeral.

The Quebec Provincial elections are expected to take place in October.

Lord Lansdowne has left for England.

Winnipeg, Aug. 9. Judge Eggle of British Columbia, decided against the Canadian Pacific in a recent case brought by Port Moody, against the extension of the Road to Vancouver. An appeal will be at once taken.

A violent storm of thunder and lightning visited the Province on Saturday night. No serious damage reported.

Monsieur O'Brien, papal chargé, will visit Winnipeg in a few days, and will be the guest of Archbishop Tache.

The funeral of Samuel J. Tilden took place on Saturday.

Two coopers, William Potts, and two Hasletts, who worked in the saw-mill with Graham, who made the first attempt, successfully navigated the whirlpool rapids at Niagara in a week yesterday. Fifteen thousand spectators were present.

The British Cabinet is said to entertain introducing a large Irish land measure, if the support of the Unionists can be secured.

The Pope is seriously ill but fatal results are not anticipated.

There has been Orange rioting in Belfast. It is reported that six were killed and two hundred wounded.

It is now stated that the Quebec elections will take place in August.

Hon. Alex. McKenna's health is greatly improved since his arrival in Great Britain.

Rev. Dr. Kane and G. A. Smith, barrister, of Belfast as a deputation of the Irish loyal and patriotic union are about visiting Canada and the United States to educate the people against Home Rule.

Winnipeg, Aug. 11.—Atkinson of Portage la Prairie will start a paper at Regina.

Two Imperial officers are in the city en route to Regina. They will offer special prizes for the best artillery and cavalry horses to be shown. At Toronto they are securing horses for the Imperial army.

General Manager Van Horne and Sir George Stephen passed through the city yesterday. They would give no satisfaction respecting Manager Egan's resignation.

Encouraged efforts are being made towards making Winnipeg the centre of the cattle trade.

It is said rates will be reduced so as to enable shippers to send North West flour to British Columbia.

Penner, a Meromonte, is leaving for southern Illinois to bring out 200 families next spring.

Harvest is more than half completed in Manitoba. The weather for the last few days has been unfavorable.

Two townships have been set apart near Birtle for a Belgian settlement.

Major Walsh is to be asked to contest South Grenville in the Liberal interest for the House of Commons.

Sir John and party are at New Westminster.

There has been more rioting at Belfast. The total number killed is placed at upwards of sixty. Five thousand troops and 2,000 constabulary occupy the disturbed districts. All is now reported quiet.

The Government will issue a commission to enquire into alleged frauds in connection with the Indian contract system.

UNDISPUTED MERIT.

The great success of the Royal Baking Powder, is due to the extreme care exercised by its manufacturers to make it entirely pure, uniform in quality, and of the highest leavening power. All the scientific knowledge, care and skill, attained by a twenty years' practical experience, are concentrated toward this end, and no pharmaceutical preparation can be dispensed with a greater accuracy, precision and exactness. Every article made is absolutely pure. A number of chemists are employed to test the strength of each ingredient, so that its exact power and effect in combination with its co-ingredients, is definitely known. Nothing is trusted to chance, and no person is employed in the preparation of the materials used or the manufacture of the powder, who is not an expert in his particular branch of the business. As a consequence, the Royal Baking Powder is of the highest grade of excellence always pure, wholesome and uniform in quality. Each box is exactly like every other, and will retain its powers and produce the same and the highest leavening effect in any climate, at any time. The Government Chemists, after having analyzed all the principal brands in the market, in their reports placed the Royal Baking Powder at the head of the list for strength, purity, and wholesomeness, and thousands of tests all over the country have further demonstrated the fact that its qualities are in every respect unrivalled.

The Northwest is reported grounded a few points known as the "Cut off" about one hundred miles west of Cumberland. With the Memphis coal, and the Northwest, the country have further demonstrated the fact that its qualities are in every respect unrivalled.

As a condition of their discharge from the Hudson's Bay Company, who were to set up a sign the following agreement: "I hereby forfeit all Indian rights I agree to leave the reserve, to give up my house and any other improvements which I may have on the reserve without compensation, also any cattle and implements which I may have received as an individual or as a member of the band."

The steamer Northwest arrived down from Edmonton this morning, having had a good trip both ways. She brought some timber as far as Battledore, and ten tons of Edmonton coal for Hon. L. Clarke. Her cargo was not large, consisting chiefly of fur belonging to the Hudson's Bay Company, being forwarded to Winnipeg. Hon. L. Clarke was a passenger from Edmonton, and Mrs. Cahler, and Mrs. Cameron, and E. Rice, photographer, were passengers from Battledore to this point. There is considerable business going on at Battledore, the timber for which is being rafted down from Edmonton. The crops at Edmonton are reported as excellent.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of strength and when combined with the finest flour, it is sold in competition with the multitude of low tests, cheap, weighty, stale or inferior powders. Sold only in tins.

Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall-st. N.Y.

GOTO GANN'S BOOKSTORE

Books, Stationery,

Fancy Goods, Toys, Musical Instruments, Wall Paper & Borders

The Latest Books and Papers

ALWAYS ON HAND.

POST OFFICE BOOKSTORE.

G. D. NORTHGRAVES,

Watchmaker and Jeweller,

At T. N. Campbell's New Store

A LARGE STOCK OF

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Repairing Promptly Attended to

TO THE LADIES.

NEW GOODS

MISS MACK & CO

First Door East Telegraph Office.

HARDWARE. AMMUNITION!

SHOT, ALL SIZES OF

SHELLS and WADS.

Dupont's Celebrated Ducking Powder. Loaded Shells always on hand.

J. L. JOHNSON & CO.

1879.

1886

Buffalo Hall!

RECEIVED PER STEAMER MARQ IS

Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Provisions

Every Department fully assorted—Special Bargains in Dress Goods, Embroideries, Prints, Sheetings and Plain Cottons. Staple and Fancy Groceries, Fresh Hams, Spiced Roll Bacon, Maple Sugar and Maple Syrup The Largest Stock of Clothing in town.

BETTS & GWYNNE. FURNITURE!

Cheaper than Ever.

I am now prepared to sell Furniture cheaper than ever before offered in Prince Albert. My stock consists of all

The Latest Designs!

which I am selling at reasonable rates to make room for a large stock coming up by boat.

Call and inspect my stock and get prices.

Saturday, First Door West of Bank

W. B. GOODFELLOW.

WM. STOBART & CO.

General Merchants

Indian Traders.

WM. STOBART & CO.